Meet TI-Rover Geometry Challenges Day TI-84 Plus CE Python

Texas Instruments

@ticalculators



www.TIstemProjects.com



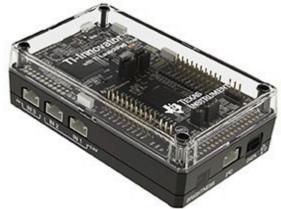
Meet the TI-Innovator™ Rover





TI Graphing Calculator

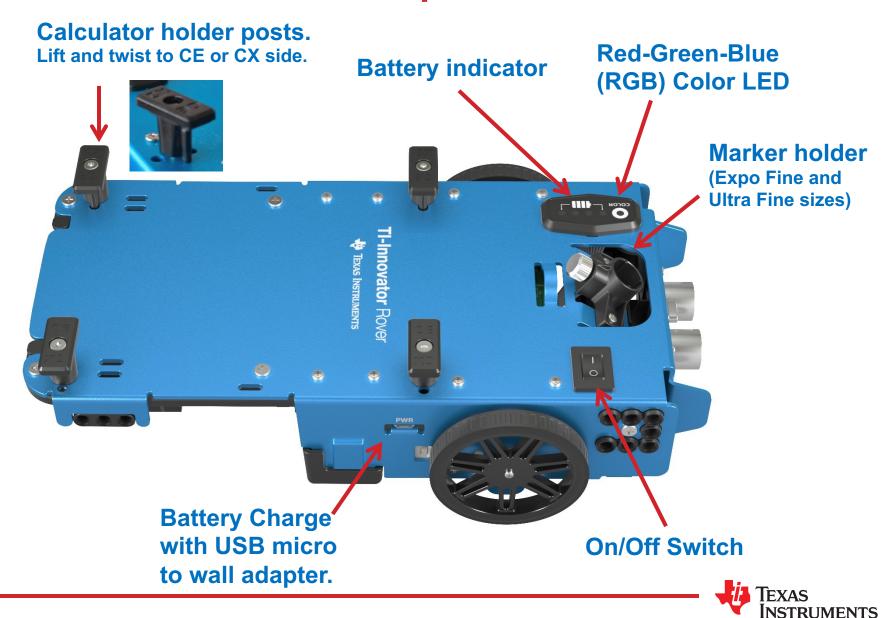


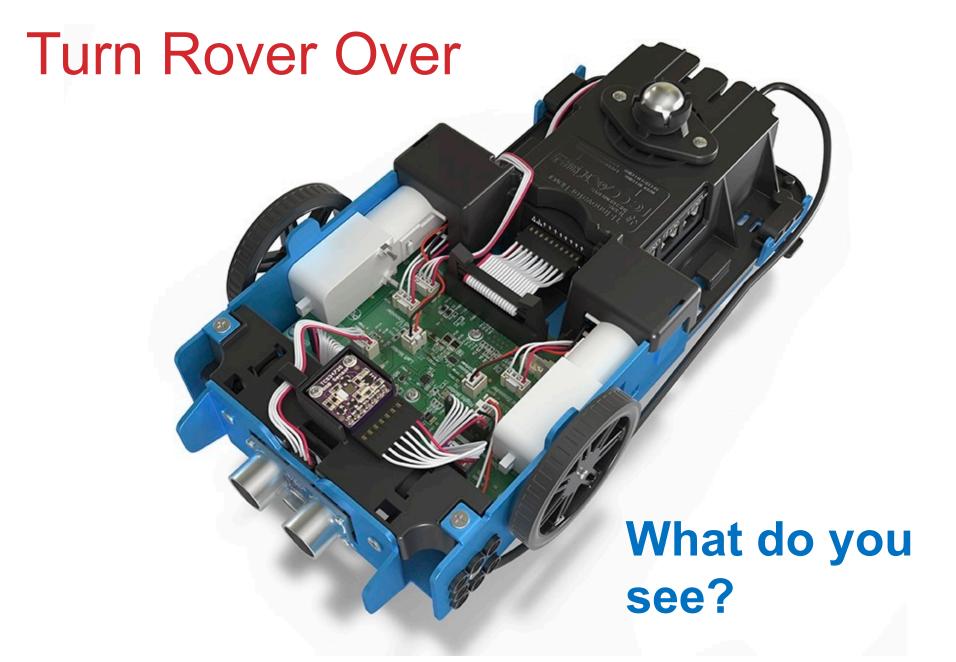


TI-Innovator™ Hub

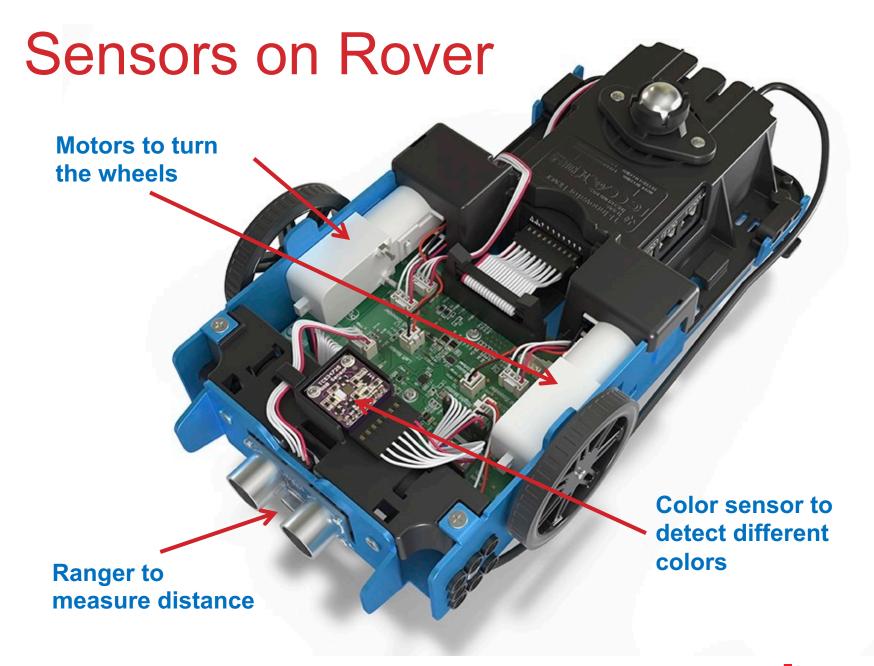


Rover from the top



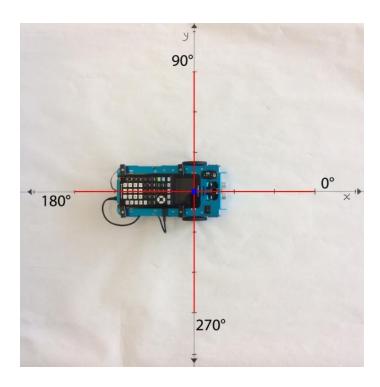








TI-Rover orientation and virtual grid



Rover programs set the initial position as the origin and the heading as 0 degrees measured from the x-axis.

Note: The Rover tracks its position on a virtual coordinate grid with a unit value of 10 cm. The coordinate grid position applies to the to_xy(x,y), to_polar(r,theta_degrees) and to_angle(angle, "unit") functions on the Rover Drive menu. The virtual grid also applies to Path menu functions.



Connecting Rover to your calculator



Make sure that your Rover is switched on.

3

Plug A side into port on calculator the Rover Hub.



Unit-to-unit cable



Connecting your calculator to the Rover

Initial Connection

- » Step 1: Make sure that Rover is switched ON
- » Step 2: plug unit-to-unit cable into Hub
 - » (Use end of cable labeled B)
- » Step 3: plug unit-to-unit cable into the calculator
 - » (Use end of cable labeled A)

Troubleshooting

Try the following as a fast fix:

- » Step 1: unplug the unit-to-unit cable from the hub and the calculator.
- » Step 2: re-connect in the order of first Hub then calculator second.

If the fast fix does not work, try these steps:

- » Step 1: unplug unit-to-unit cable from both the hub and the calculator
- » Step 2: Switch Rover OFF
- » Wait a second
- » Step 3: Switch Rover ON
- » Step 4: plug unit-to-unit cable into Hub
- » Step 5: plug unit-to-unit cable into the calculator



Creating a new Python Program



Press the [prqm] key to create, edit and execute TI-Python programs.



Press down arrow [enter] You have the option to or Press [2] to select 2: Python App



run, edit, create or manage programs.



Press [New] softkey (zoom button)



You are prompted to enter a program name. The blinking A cursor shows that you are in alpha entry mode. The green alpha labels on the keys are active.



Type your program name and press [Ok].



You are now in position to begin entering statements to your program.



Entering a TI-Rover Program –

importing the TI-Rover module and connecting to a Rover



The Python program editor uses an insert cursor and a backspace delete.

Press **[Fns...]** softkey to see functions to use in your program.



The ti_rover module import statement is pasted to your program. The ti_rover import statement is required at the beginning of every Rover program. This import statement brings in Rover functions to use in your program, sets Rover's initial position and sets up communication between the Rover and the Hub.



Press right arrow repeatedly or left arrow to move to the Modul menu.



You will see a menu of installed modules available to use functions from. Select 7:ti rover.



Select 1:import ti rover as rv.



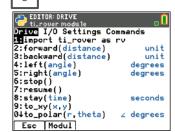
Entering a TI-Rover Program



You are now ready to enter functions to control your Rover. Navigate to the Rover menus by pressing [Fns...] then arrow to the Modul menu.



Then **select ti_rover...** to see options.



You begin on the Drive menu. **Select** the **2:forward()** function.



Enter a value for the number of Rover units to drive forward. Arrow to the end of the statement and press [enter] to move to the next statement

A faster approach is to use [2nd] [enter] from any place on a line to complete the statement and move the cursor to the beginning of a blank line below.

Note: It is important that each statement begin on a new line.



Navigate to the Drive menu again by press [fns...], left arrow, 7:ti_rover...,4:left() to select the left turn function.



Enter a value for the angle to turn in degrees. Press [2nd] [enter] to move to the next statement.



Navigate to the Drive menu again, then select 2:forward(). After the function is pasted enter the Rover units to drive. Press [2nd] [enter] to move to the next statement..



You are now ready to run your TI-Rover program.

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

Running a TI-Rover Program



You are now ready to run your program.

Before pressing [Run] go through the pre-drive checklist.

- Make sure that TI-Rover is turned ON.
- Make sure that the calculator unit-to-unit cable is connected to the Hub inside the Rover. Plug the B end of the cable into the Data USB B port of the Hub. Plug the A end of the cable into the calculator.
- 3. Press [Run].

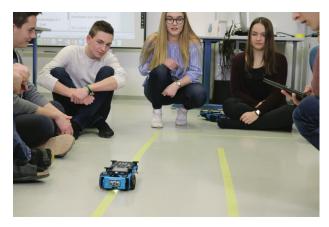


The program will run in the Python shell. You will receive messages on the status of the program.

You can run the program again by pressing [Tools] and selecting 1:Rerun Last Program from the menu.

You can return to the program editor by pressing **[Editor]**.







Editing a Rover Program

1

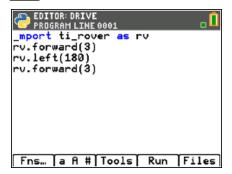
PYTHON SHELL

>>> # Shell Reinitialized
>>> # Running DRIVE
>>> from DRIVE import *
>>> |

Fns... a A # Tools Editor Files

Press **[Editor]** to go back to your Python editor page.

2



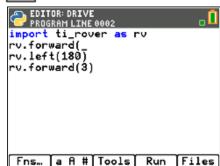
Use the arrow keys to position the cursor to change the value of the forward distance.

EDITOR: DRIVE
PROGRAM LINE 0002
import ti_rover as rv
rv.forward(3_
rv.left(180)
rv.forward(3)

Fns... a A # Tools Run Files

Press [del] to backspace over the 3.

4



Type in a new value for distance, right arrow to the end of the line, then down arrow to position the cursor to change the value of the second forward() function.

5

EDITOR: DRIVE
PROGRAM LINE 0004
import ti_rover as rv
rv.forward(5)
rv.left(180)
rv.forward(3_

Press [del] to backspace over the current distance value. Type in a new value for distance, Press [2nd] [enter] to move to the next statement.

6



Press [Run] to run the program in the Python shell.

>>> # Shell Reinitialized
>>> # Running DRIVE
>>> from DRIVE import *
>>> |

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

TI-Rover Module Menus

Drive

```
EDITOR: DRIVE ti_rover module
                                 Drive I/O Settings Commands
Himport ti_rover as rv
2:forward(distance)
                                unit
3:backward(distance)
                                unit
4:left(angle)
                            dearees
5:right(angle)
                            degrees
6:stop()
7:resume()
8:stay(time)
                            seconds
9:to_{xy}(x,y)
0↓to_polar(r,theta)
                          ∠ degrees
A: to_angle(angle)
                            dearees
B:forward_time(time)
                            seconds
C:backward time(time)
                            seconds
D:forward(distance, "unit") >
E:backward(distance, "unit") >
F:left(angle, "unit") >
G:right(angle, "unit") ▶
H:forward_time(T,S,"unit") →
I↓backward_time(T,S,"unit") →
J:forward(D,"unit",S,"unit") →
K:backward(D, "unit", S, "unit") >
L:disconnect rv()
                         Disconnect
```

Input/Output (I/O)

```
EDITOR: DRIVE
  📝 ti_rover mo<u>dule</u>
Drive I/O Settings Commands
Inputs...
2:0utputs...
3:Path...
EDITOR: DRIVE
  📝 ti_rover modu1e
Inputs
ranger measurement()
                           meters
2:color_measurement()
                              1-9
3:red_measurement()
                            0 - 255
4: green_measurement()
                            0 - 255
                            0 - 255
5:blue_measurement()
6:grav_measurement()
                            0 - 255
7:encoders_gyro_measurement()
8:gvro_measurement()
                          dearees
9:ranger_time()
                          seconds
eDITOR: DRIVE ti_rover module
                                о L
Outputs
1.color_rgb(r,g,b)
                             0 - 255
2:color_blink(freg, time)
3:color_off()
4: motor_left(speed.time)
5:motor_right(speed, time)
5:motors("Idir", L, "rdir", R, T) →
EDITOR: DRIVE
   ti_rover module
1. waypoint_xythdrn()
2:waypoint_prev()
3:waypoint_eta()
4:path_done()
5:pathlist_x()
6:pathlist_v()
7:pathlist_time()
8:pathlist_heading()
9:pathlist_distance()
0↓pathlist_revs()
A:pathlist_cmdnum()
B:waypoint_x()
C:waypoint_y()
D:waypoint_time()
E:waypoint_heading()
F:waypoint_distance()
G:waypoint_revs()
```

Settings

```
EDITOR: DRIVE
ti_rover module

Drive I/O Settings Commands

I!units/s
2:m/s
3:revs/s
4:units
5:m
6:revs
7:degrees
8:radians
9:grads
0:clockwise
A:counterclockwise
```

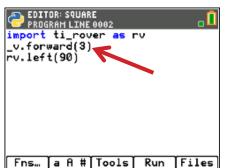
Commands

```
EDITOR: DRIVE
   ti_system module
Drive I/O Settings Commands
from ti_system import *
2:sleep(seconds)
3:disp_at(row, "text", "align") >
4:disp_clr() clear text screen
5:disp_wait()
                         [clear]
6:disp_cursor()
                      0=off 1=on
7:while not escape():
                        [clear]
8:wait_until_done()
9:while not path_done():
O↓position(x,y)
A:position(x,y,heading,"unit")>
B:grid_origin()
C:grid_m_unit(scale_value)
D:path_clear()
E:zero_gyro()
```



Copying and Pasting a Line of Code





Use **arrow keys** to move the cursor to a position anywhere on the line that you would like to copy.





You can paste again by returning to the [Tools] menu and selecting 7:Paste Line Below.

2

The picture can't be displayed.

Press [Tools] then select 6:Copy Line from the menu.

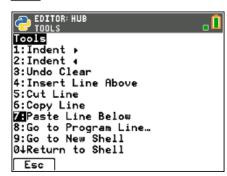
After you select you will be returned to the editor.

3



Use **arrow keys** to move the cursor to any location on the line above where you would like to insert the copied line.

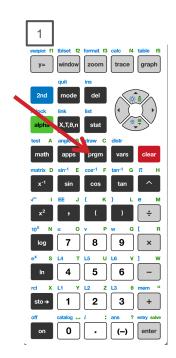
4



Press [Tools] then select 7:Paste Line Below from the menu. The copied line will be pasted.



Opening an existing Python Program File



Press the **[prgm]** key to create, edit and execute TI-Python programs.



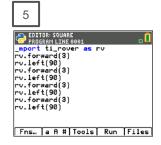
Press [enter] or Press [2] to select 2: Python App



To edit an existing program, use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** to select a program.



Press [Edit] to open with Python Editor with the selected program.

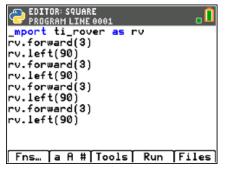


You can now make changes to the program or run the program.



Copying/Replicating a Python Program File





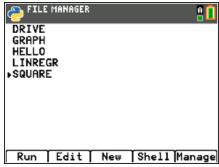
Press [Files] to return to the file management screen.

2



Use the **Up and Down Arrow keys** to select a program.

3



Press [Manage] to see file options.

4



Select 1:Replicate
Program to receive a prompt.

5



Type in the name of the new program using the green alpha key labels.

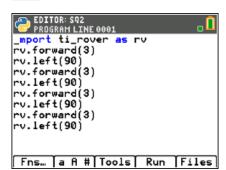
6



To use a number in the name, exit alpha mode by pressing [2nd] [alpha] then a number key.

Press [Ok] to finish the dialogue.

7

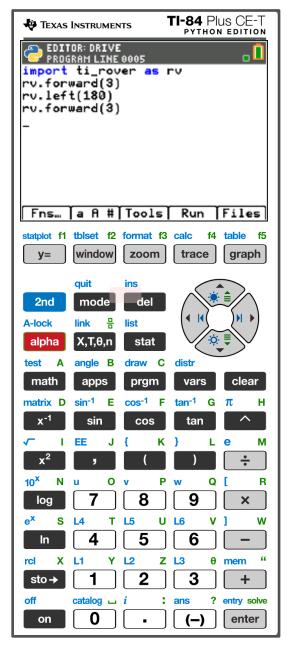


You are now in the editor ready to make changes or to run the new program.



Entry and Edit Tips

- » Use number key shortcuts or arrow keys and [enter] to select from menus
- » Use arrow keys to move the cursor around the screen.
- » Use [alpha] repeatedly to cycle from numeric, to lower case alpha to upper case alpha entry mode. The cursor indicates the current mode.
- » Use [2nd] [A-lock] to lock to alpha entry or to return to numeric entry.
- » Use [Fns...] softkey to bring up Python function menus, including the Modul (modules) menu.
- » Use [clear] or [Esc] softkey to back out of a menu.
- » Use [del] as a destructive backspace
- » Use [2nd] [enter] from any place on a line to complete the statement and move the cursor to the beginning of a blank line below.
- » Use [Tools] softkey menu to undo a clear and to copy, cut, paste and more.
- » Use [Editor] softkey to return to the editor from the Shell.
- » Use [2nd] [quit] to leave the Python app and return to the calculator.





Drawing with the TI-Rover





Use Expo Fine or Extra Fine dry erase markers.

The markers drop into a slot on the front of the Rover.

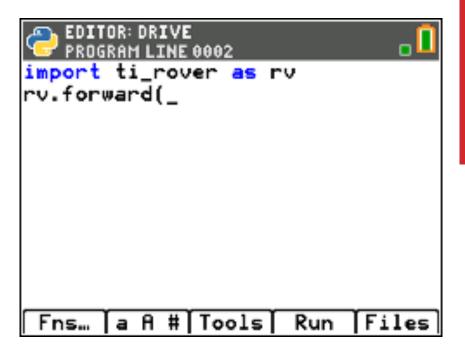
Note: The Texas Instruments Workshop Loan Rover cases include markers.

Drawing surface: We recommend butcher paper held in place with painters tape on a hard surface.



MAKE IT MOVE!

New Program:



Press [Fns...], left arrow, then 7:ti_rover... for the Rover menus.

Press [Run] to run the program in the Python shell.

Task: Discover how far Rover drives per unit.

Use differing values (1-20) to determine what 1 Rover unit is.

```
>>> # Shell Reinitialized
>>> # Running DRIVE
>>> from DRIVE import #
>>> |

Fns... a A # Tools Editor Files
```

From the Python shell, press **[Editor]** to move from the shell to the Python editor.



Set the color

New Program:



Press [Fns...], left arrow, then 7:ti_rover... for the Rover menus.

Press [Run] to run the program in the Python shell.

Task: Set the color output of the RGB LED.

Each color takes a value (0-255).

Challenge Task: Try to make Yellow

Find the color_rgb() function on the Rover Outputs menu. Enter values for the red, green and blue components of the color to display.



```
EDITOR: HYCOLOR

Cutputs

I color_rgb(r,g,b)

2:color_blink(freq,time)

3:color_off()

4:motor_left(speed,time)

5:motor_right(speed,time)

5:motor_right(speed,time)

5:motor_sight(speed,time)

Esc I/O
```



Explore angles

New Program:

```
EDITOR: DRIVESQ

_mport ti_rover as rv

rv.forward()
rv.left()
rv.forward()
rv.left()
rv.forward()
rv.forward()
rv.left()
rv.left()
rv.left()
rv.left()
rv.forward()
```

The program above is a framework for driving a square. Enter values for distance and turn angle.

Press [Fns...], left arrow, then 7:ti_rover... for the Rover menus.

Task: Drive a square.

Challenge Task: Try to drive an equilateral triangle.

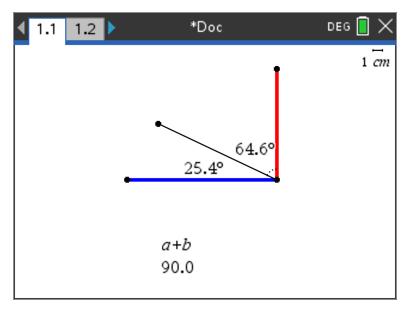
See the inputs for the most common drive functions below.

```
ti_rover module
Drive I/O Settings Commands
1:import ti_rover as rv
2forward(distance)
3:backward(distance)
                               unit
                               unit
                            degrees
4:left(angle)
5:right(angle)
                            dearees
6:stop()
7:resume()
8:stav(time)
                            seconds
9: to_xy(x,y)
0↓to_polar(r,theta)
                         ∠ degrees
  Esc | Modul
```

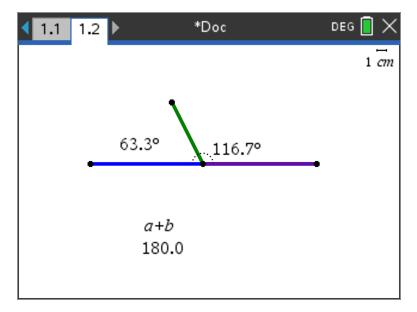


Quick Math Reminders

- » Complementary Angles:
 - » Sum to 90 degrees



- » Supplementary Angles:
 - » Sum to 180 degrees

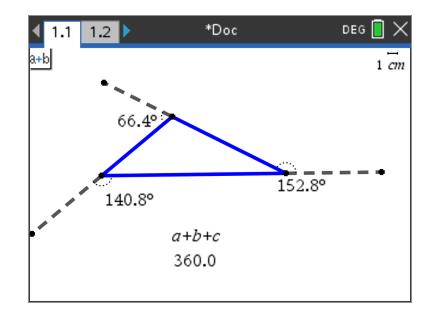


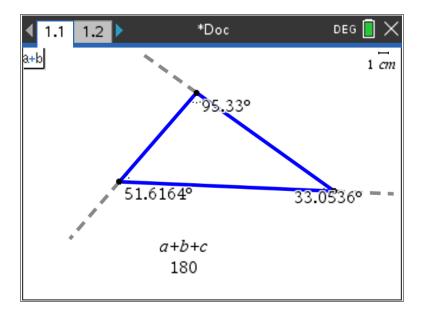


Quick Math Reminders

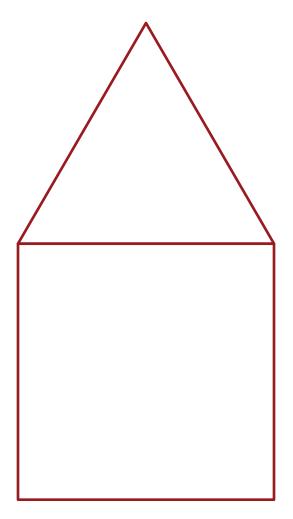
» Exterior angles:

» Interior Angles:









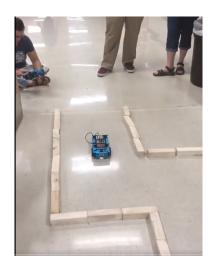
Task: Drive the figure shown without crossing any lines or going back over a line and without picking up the pen.

When you are ready put the pen in and trace your path

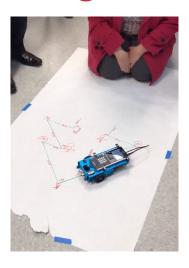




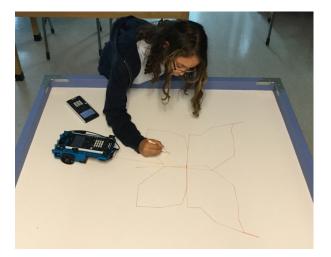
Where can you go next with TI-Rover?



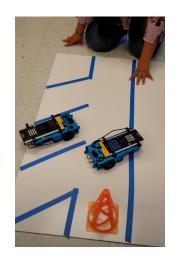
Drive an obstacle course



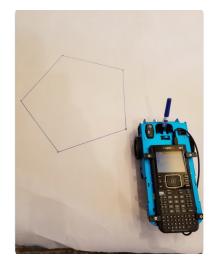
Drive a design



Draw artwork



Park your Rover



Use a For loop to draw polygons



Write your name

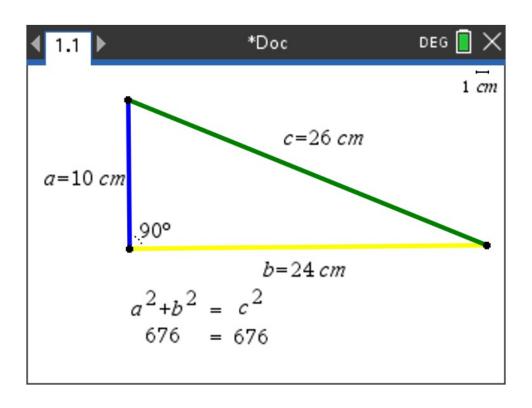


Navigate a map

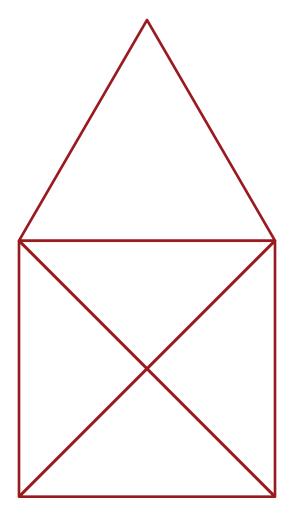


Quick Math Reminders

» Pythagorean Theorem



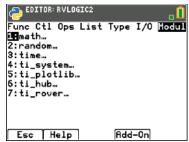




Task: Drive the figure shown without crossing any lines or going back over a line and without picking up the pen.

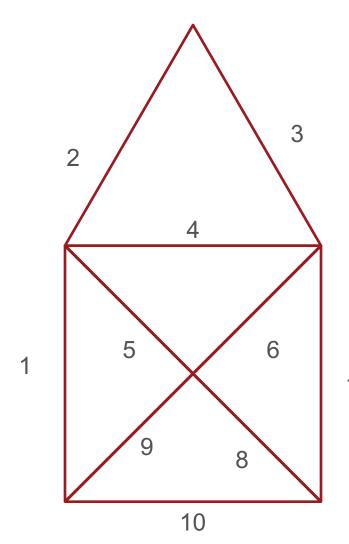
When you are ready put the pen in and trace your path

Import the Python Math module in addition to the Rover module for this challenge.



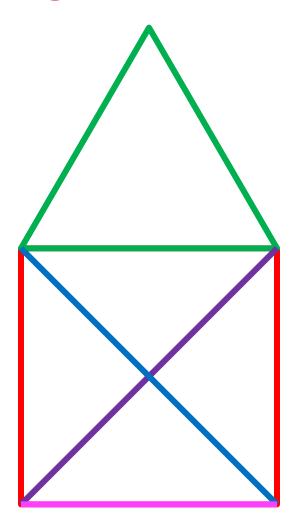
```
math module
Math Const Trig
                                    import ti_rover as rv
1:from math import *
                                    from math import *
2: fabs()
3:sqrt()
4:exp()
5:pow(x,y)
6:log(x,base)
7:fmod(x,y)
8:ceil()
9:floor()
0↓trunc()
 Esc | Modul
                                     Fns... | a A # | Tools | Run | Files
```











Task: Drive the figure shown without crossing any lines or going back over a line and without picking up the pen.

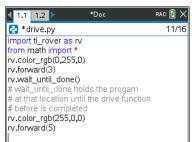
Now match the colors using the RGB LED. Don't worry about using the pen.

Import the Python Math module in addition to the Rover module for this challenge.

Use wait_until_done() from the Rover Commands menu to synchronize Rover drive functions with the RGB LED.

```
EDITOR: RVLOGIC2
ti_rouer module
Drive I/O Settings Commands
1:from ti_system import *
2:sleep(seconds)
3:disp_at(row, "text", "align") >
4:disp_clr() clear text screen
5:disp_wait() [clear]
6:disp_cursor() @=off 1=on
7:while not escape(): [clear]
8 wait_until_done()
9:while not path_done():
0 position(x,y)

Esc [Modul]
```





Thank you!

See www.TlstemProjects.com for more TI STEM and coding activities and projects.

